Problem Set #12 MATH 387 : 2015

Due: Thursday, 2 April 2015

1. Prove that any rigid motion is a product of at most three reflections.

Hint. Any rigid motion is completely determined by the images of any three non-collinear points.

2. The *hyperbolic sine* and *hyperbolic cosine* functions are defined as $\sinh(x) := \frac{1}{2}(e^x - e^{-x})$ and $\cosh(x) := \frac{1}{2}(e^x + e^{-x})$. Given a hyperbolic triangle with vertices *A*, *B*, *C*, side lengths *a*, *b*, *c*, and interior angles α , β , γ , the *hyperbolic law of cosines* asserts that

 $\cosh(a) = \cosh(b)\cosh(c) - \sinh(c)\sinh(b)\cos(\alpha)$.

- (a) Verify that $\cosh^2(x) \sinh^2(x) = 1$.
- (b) Using the hyperbolic law of cosines, derive the *hyperbolic law of sines* which asserts that

$$\frac{\sinh(a)}{\sin(\alpha)} = \frac{\sinh(b)}{\sin(\beta)} = \frac{\sinh(c)}{\sin(\gamma)}.$$
Hint. Express the fraction $\frac{\sin^2(\alpha)}{\sinh^2(a)}$ as symmetric function in *a*, *b*, *c*.

3. What was your favourite result in the course? Provide a short paragraph explaining your answer.

