

1. If f is a function $f: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, and \mathbf{F} a vector field on \mathbb{R}^3 , prove that

$$\operatorname{Div}(f\mathbf{F}) = f \operatorname{Div}(\mathbf{F}) + \mathbf{F} \cdot \operatorname{grad}(f).$$

2. Find a parameterization of the curve $x^{\frac{2}{3}} + y^{\frac{2}{3}} = 1$. Is your parameterization continuous? Differentiable? Piecewise C^1 ? C^1 ?

3. Compute the integral of $f(x, y) = xy - x - y + 1$ along the following curves connecting the points $(1, 0)$ and $(0, 1)$.

(a) \mathbf{c}_1 : the circular arc $\mathbf{c}_1(t) = (\cos(t), \sin(t))$, $0 \leq t \leq \pi/2$.

(b) \mathbf{c}_2 : the straight line segment $\mathbf{c}_2(t) = (1 - t, t)$, $0 \leq t \leq 1$.

(c) \mathbf{c}_3 : the path from $(1, 0)$ horizontally to the origin, then vertically to $(0, 1)$.

(d) \mathbf{c}_4 : from $(1, 0)$ vertically to $(1, 1)$, then horizontally to $(0, 1)$.

(e) \mathbf{c}_5 : the circular arc $\mathbf{c}_5(t) = (\cos(t), -\sin(t))$, $0 \leq t \leq 3\pi/2$.

4. Find the integral $\int_{\mathbf{c}} f ds$ where $f(x, y, z) = \sqrt{9xz + 4y + 1}$ and \mathbf{c} is the “twisted cubic” : $\mathbf{c}(t) = (t, t^2, t^3)$ with $t \in [0, 4]$.

5. Find the average value of the function $f(x, y, z) = xyz$ along the helix $\mathbf{c}(t) = (\sin(t), 8t, \cos(t))$, $t \in [0, 6\pi]$.

NOTE: The average value of a function f over an interval $[a, b]$ is the integral of f over $[a, b]$ divided by the length of $[a, b]$. Similarly, the average value of a function f over a curve \mathbf{c} is the integral of f over \mathbf{c} , divided by the length of \mathbf{c} .